Comptroller of the Currency, Treasury

- (b) Presumptions. In reviewing an application for an exemption under this section, the OCC will apply a rebuttable presumption that an interlock will not result in a monopoly or substantial lessening of competition if the depository organization seeking to add a management official:
- (1) Primarily serves low-and moderate-income areas:
- (2) Is controlled or managed by persons who are members of a minority group, or women;
- (3) Is a depository institution that has been chartered for less than two years; or
- (4) Is deemed to be in "troubled condition" as defined in 12 CFR 5.51(c)(6).
- (c) Duration. Unless a specific expiration period is provided in the OCC approval, an exemption permitted by paragraph (a) of this section may continue so long as it does not result in a monopoly or substantial lessening of competition, or is unsafe or unsound. If the OCC grants an interlock exemption in reliance upon a presumption under paragraph (b) of this section, the interlock may continue for three years, unless otherwise provided by the OCC in writing.

[64 FR 51678, Sept. 24, 1999]

§ 26.7 Change in circumstances.

- (a) Termination. A management official shall terminate his or her service or apply for an exemption if a change in circumstances causes the service to become prohibited. A change in circumstances may include an increase in asset size of an organization, a change in the delineation of the RMSA or community, the establishment of an office. an increase in the aggregate deposits of the depository organization, or an acquisition, merger, consolidation, or any reorganization of the ownership structure of a depository organization that causes a previously permissible interlock to become prohibited.
- (b) Transition period. A management official described in paragraph (a) of this section may continue to serve the depository organization involved in the interlock for 15 months following the date of the change in circumstances.

The OCC may shorten this period under appropriate circumstances.

 $[61\ {\rm FR}\ 40300,\ {\rm Aug.}\ 2,\ 1996,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 64\ {\rm FR}\ 51678,\ {\rm Sept.}\ 24,\ 1999]$

§ 26.8 Enforcement.

Except as provided in this section. the OCC administers and enforces the Interlocks Act with respect to national banks, District banks, and affiliates of either, and may refer any case of a prohibited interlocking relationship involving these entities to the Attorney General of the United States to enforce compliance with the Interlocks Act and this part. If an affiliate of a national bank or a District bank is subject to the primary regulation of another Federal depository organization supervisory agency, then the OCC does not administer and enforce the Interlocks Act with respect to that affiliate.

PART 27—FAIR HOUSING HOME LOAN DATA SYSTEM

Sec.

- 27.1 Scope and OMB control number.
- 27.2 Definitions.
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APPENDIXES TO PART 27

APPENDIX I—MONTHLY HOME LOAN ACTIVITY FORMAT

APPENDIX II—INFORMATION FOR GOVERNMENT MONITORING PURPOSES

APPENDIX III—FAIR HOUSING LENDING IN-QUIRY/APPLICATION LOG SHEET

APPENDIX IV—HOME LOAN DATA SUBMISSION

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 301; 12 U.S.C. 1 et seq., 93a, 161, 481, and 1818; 15 U.S.C. 1691 et seq.; 42 U.S.C. 3601 et seq.; 12 CFR part 202.

SOURCE: 44 FR 63089, Nov. 2, 1979, unless otherwise noted.

§ 27.1 Scope and OMB control number.

(a) Scope. This part applies to the activities of national banks and banks located in the District of Columbia, and their subsidiaries, which make home loans for the purpose of purchasing, construction-permanent financing, or refinancing of residential real property.